

MID KENT AUDIT

Internal Audit & Assurance Plan 2019/20

Swale Borough Council



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Introduction

1. We provide an independent and objective assurance and consulting service designed to add value to and improve the Council's work. We help the Council achieve its objectives by bringing a systematic and disciplined approach to evaluate and improve effectiveness of risk management, control and governance.
2. We work within statutory rules drawn from the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 and the [Public Sector Internal Audit Standards](#) (the "Standards"). In 2015 the Institute of Internal Audit (IIA) assessed us as working in full conformance with the Standards. We have kept full conformance since then, including through the major update to the Standards in 2017.
3. Over the next year we must commission an External Quality Review as five years have passed since our last assessment. We discuss the assessment need further later in this report.
4. We also work to an [Audit Charter](#) agreed at each partner authority. The *Charter* sets out the local context for audit, including independence safeguards. At this Council, the Audit Committee approved the Charter in November 2018.
5. The Standards set out demands on the Head of Audit Partnership for compiling and presenting a document to describe planned work for the year ahead. The plan, presented for Member approval, must set out:
 - Internal audit's evaluation of and response to the risks facing the organisation.
 - How we consult with senior management and others.
 - How we have considered whether we have suitable resources to address the risks we identify.
 - How we will effectively use those resources to complete the plan.
6. The Plan can include assurance and non-assurance rated engagements. This means we can accept consultancy work where this is the best way to support the Council. We set out considerations for accepting such engagements in the *Audit Charter*.
7. We must also clarify that our audit plan cannot address all risks across the Council and represents our best use of invariably limited resources. In approving the plan, the Committee recognises this limit. We will keep the Committee abreast of any changes in our assessment of need as we oversee the risks posed to the Council. In particular we will undertake a full evaluation of need during each annual planning round.

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Risk Assessments

8. The Standards direct us to begin our planning with a risk assessment. This assessment must consider risks both from global changes and within the Council. We must also keep our risk assessment current. This plan represents our conclusions now, but we will continue to reflect and consider our response as risks and priorities change across the year. We will report a specific update to Members midway through the year. We may also consult the Committee (or its Chairman) on other significant changes if the need arises.

Global and Sector Risks

9. In considering global and sector risks we draw on various sources. This includes updates provided by relevant professional bodies, such as the Institute of Internal Audit (IIA) and CIPFA. We also consult with colleagues both direct through groups such as London and Kent Audit Groups and through review of all other published audit plans in the South East.
10. These sources give us insight into both the key issues facing local government and how audit teams respond. To show our thinking on these global risks we've highlighted below some of the issues discussed by the IIA in [Risk In Focus 2019](#).



CYBERSECURITY: IT GOVERNANCE & THIRD PARTIES

The Risk

Cybersecurity has been a high-priority risk for many years and this shows no signs of subsiding. Companies are pushing to move away from legacy systems. As approaches to managing cyber risk mature, attention is turning to third-party defensibility.

Swale Context

Mid Kent's ICT strategy makes great use of the 'cloud'. For example the current rollout of Microsoft Office 365 across the authority. Increasingly, individual services are also relying on software hosted by suppliers outside the Council's direct control; Internal Audit with *Pentana* being just one example.

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Mid Kent Audit Response – Cybersecurity & Third Parties

We are now in the second year as members of the Apex Framework; a large professional services contract managed by LB Croydon. This gives us immediate access to specialist and general support at set rates. In 2019/20 we plan to use that specialist support to help look specifically at how our IT service can draw assurance where third parties hold and manage our data and services via our networks.



ANTI-BRIBERY & ANTI-CORRUPTION COMPLIANCE

The Risk

Anti-bribery and corruption risk is longstanding. However, national legislative reforms, coordinated global enforcement by regulators and record-breaking fines are raising the stakes and pushing this issue to the top of the corporate agenda.

Swale Context

The IIA report reflects updated legislation across the world, notably in China, Brazil, France and Spain. While this subject is settled in UK law with the Bribery Act 2010, in Swale in 2019 we may see several new Members. They will need an understanding of how the rules work within the Public Sector.

Mid Kent Audit Response

In our plan for 2019/20 we aim to develop and deliver anti bribery training materials, aimed first at Members and key officer subjects. This training will explain the law, the Council's policy and how we expect people to respond to any concerns on corrupt practices.

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A NEW ERA OF TRADE

The Risk

The IIA's description of this risk highlights protectionist trade tariffs between the USA and China as well as increasing trade sanctions. However, in the UK, this risk touches on Brexit and how UK trade might look in 2019/20 and beyond.

Swale Context

The Council's risk register recognises the threats to the Council's income and Swale's economy through broader economic changes. Swale is, like all Kent Councils, also vulnerable to issues arising from any significant traffic issues cause by delays at ports and the channel tunnel.

Mid Kent Audit Response

The daily changing outlook on Brexit makes including any specific work on that topic in our annual plan a difficult task. However in 2019/20, as in previous years, we have set aside a consultancy budget to deal with emerging issues. Also, audit standards demand we keep our wider plan flexible in the face of developing risks.



AUDITING THE RIGHT RISKS: TAKING A GENUINELY RISK-BASED APPROACH

The Risk

There is a notable inconsistency in the IIA's surveys between organisations' priority risks and where internal audit focuses its time. Chief Audit Executives should therefore re-evaluate with their audit committees whether internal audit works effectively to deliver sound risk-based assurance.

Swale Context

The Council sets out its corporate risks clearly in regular reporting to Senior Officers and Members.

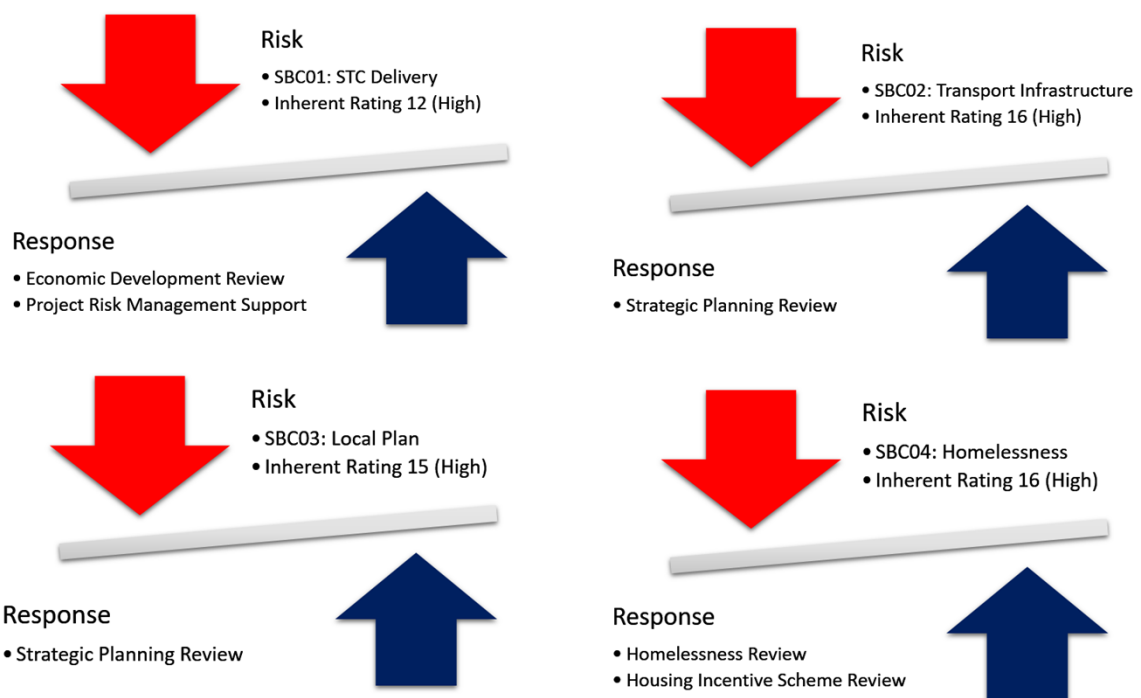
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Mid Kent Audit Response (Auditing the Right Risks)

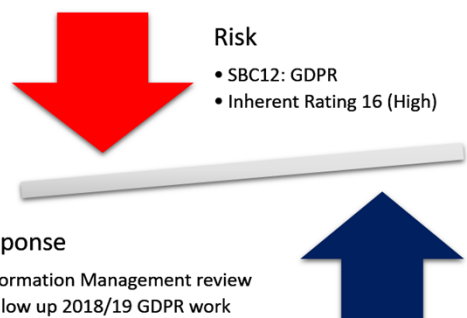
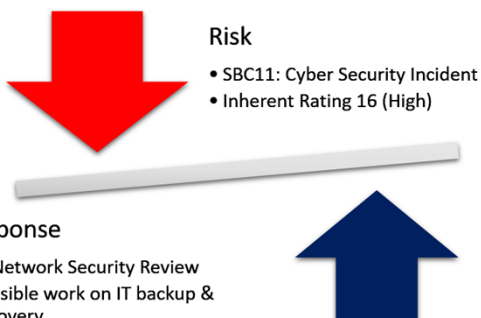
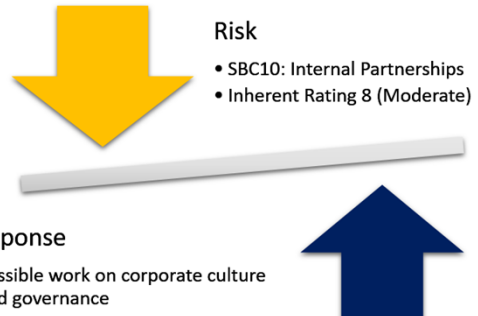
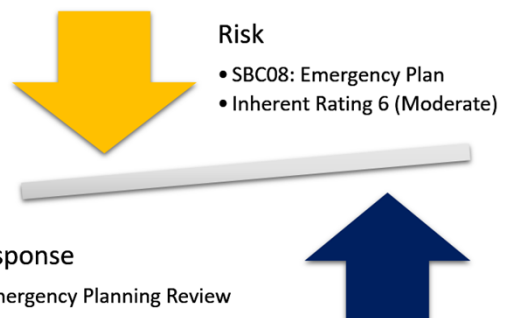
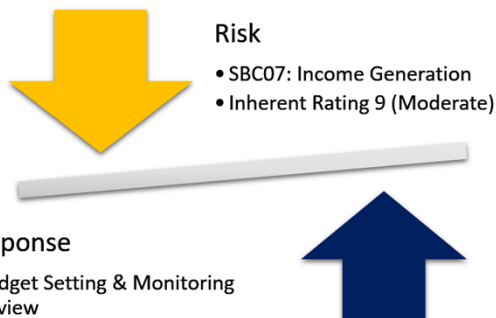
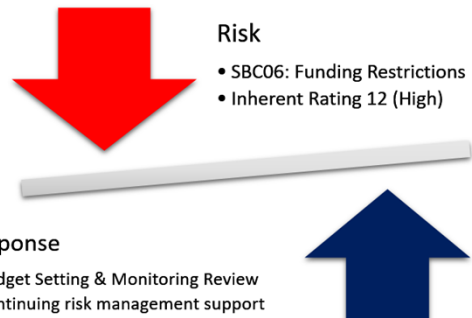
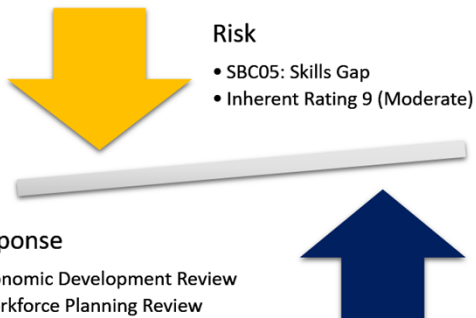
We seek to draw on the Council's risk information to help us compile and check our planning. Without neglecting more 'routine' matters, we aim to give due weight to corporate risks and add assurance where we can.

Local Risks

11. The Council compiles and surveys a set of Corporate Level Risks. These cover matters that threaten the Council's overall objectives, either because of their severity or the breadth of impact across several services.
12. The chart below sets out those risks, as reported to Cabinet in February 2019, with our planned response to offer assurance in the 2019/20 plan.



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Audit Risk Review and Consultation

13. We also conduct our own risk assessment looking across all relevant parts of the Council (the “audit universe”). This risk assessment differs from the Council’s own risk approach in that we consider one specific risk:

What is the risk we offer a mistaken opinion because we don’t understand the service?

14. There are two main parts to considering this risk. The first how important the service is to the Council’s overall objectives and controls. Here we consider:



Finance Risk: The value of funds flowing through the service. High value and high volume services (such as Council Tax) represent a higher risk than low value services with regular and predictable costs and income.



Priority Risk: The strategic importance of the service in delivering Council priorities. For example waste services will be higher risk owing to the direct link with the Council’s objectives.

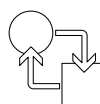


Support Service Risk: The extent to which other services rely on effective function of this part of the Council. For example, many services have a strong reliance on continuing effective IT services.

15. The second part is the likelihood we might hold (or gain) a mistaken view of the service. Here we consider:



Oversight Risk: Considering where other agencies have an interest in regulating and inspecting the service. For example, Mid Kent Legal Services receive regular inspections from the Law Society to keep Lexcel accreditation and so have relatively low risk.



Change Risk: Considering the extent of change the service faces, or has recently experienced. This might be voluntary (a restructure, for example) or imposed (like new legislation).



Audit Knowledge: What do we know about the service? This considers not just our last formal review, but any other information we have gathered from, for example, following up agreed actions. We also consider the currency of our knowledge, with an aim to conduct a full review in each service at least every five years if possible.

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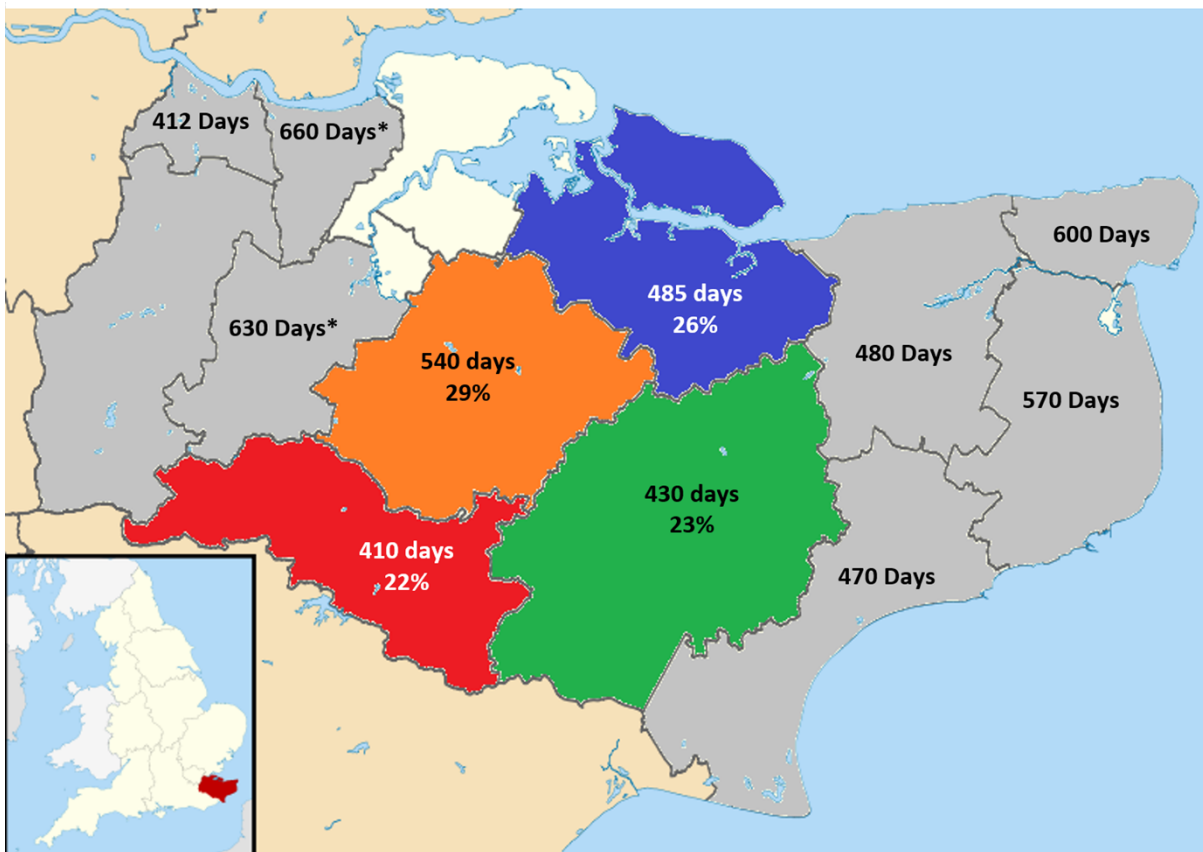
Fraud Risk: The susceptibility of the service to fraud loss. High volume services that deal direct with the public and handle cash, such as licensing for example, are higher risk.

16. The results of these various risk assessments provide a provisional audit plan. We then take this provision plan out to consultation. We meet every Head of Service, Director and the Chief Executive to get their perspective on our assessment and give us updates on their sections.
17. Having gained a perspective on the key issues for audit attention in the coming year we then consider the quantity and quality of our resources.
18. We set out the full results of the risk assessment on the audit universe in Appendix 1.

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Resources

19. The audit team is in consultation phase of a planned restructure. We aim to have the new structure in place by 1 April 2019. Currently, though, there is a degree of doubt on the precise extent and arrangement of the team. Please see appendix II for more information on our restructure.
20. However, our planning estimate for 2019/20 says we will likely have available **1,865** days across the partnership. This is a modest (2.5%) increase on 2018/19 total. The most significant variance being we are now using our new audit software, Pentana. We have been using Pentana now since July 2018 and ended the implementation phase in January 2019. We look now to its benefits in adding greater efficiency and quality to our work.
21. The total number of days divides between authorities in the proportions set out in our collaboration agreement:



Data from outside Mid Kent drawn from 2018/19 audit plans. Note that direct comparisons are difficult because what each authority asks of its Internal Audit service differs. In particular authorities with * mark run a combined audit and counter fraud service. However, this illustration serves as an indicative look at internal audit resource levels across Kent to offer assurance that levels in Mid Kent are consistent with delivery of a robust and effective service.

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22. Audit Standards demand we assess whether the resources available – in both quantity and capability – can fulfil our responsibilities. In that assessment we must consider:
- Whether we had enough resource to complete our prior year plan.
 - How the size and complexity of the organisation has changed.
 - How the organisation’s risk appetite and profile have changed.
 - How the organisation’s control environment has changed, including how it has responded to our audit findings.
 - Whether there have been significant changes to professional standards.
23. Based solely on those internal reasons, we believe we have enough resource to deliver the 2019/20 plan. There is no precise guidance on overall adequacy of internal audit resource. However, as in previous years, we have reviewed provision at other authorities. In Kent, we show that comparison in the map above. We also compare resources through contacts in London Audit Group and beyond. Through the Internal Audit Standards Board, we also consider comparative resourcing in central government, health and the private sector. For example, the table below sets out research conducted by KMPG on the typical size of internal audit services in listed companies across the world:

Type	IA FTE	IA Costs	IA as % Revenue
<i>Company (<\$500m turnover)</i>	4.5 to 7.2	\$613k to \$819k	0.30% to 0.37%
<i>Company (\$500m-\$1b turnover)</i>	5.0 to 7.4	\$737k to \$908k	0.10% to 0.13%
<i>Swale BC (£85m gross cost of services)¹</i>	3.0	£185k	0.22%

24. We must also consider ability of the audit team. The team as a whole now has more formal qualifications than ever before. Ben Davis, previously a Trainee Auditor in the Partnership, qualified with CIPFA in summer 2018 and three others have progressed to the final stage in IIA qualifications. Appendix II sets out how our restructure aims to continue developing the skills of the team.
25. Beyond direct employees, we have also sought access to sources of specialist expertise. In particular, we have used this to supplement our IT audit work. We will continue in 2019/20 to access this support through memberships of Framework agreements with audit firms managed by LB Croydon and Kent CC.

¹ Based on Swale BC’s 26% share of the partnership

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Proposed Audit & Assurance Work 2019/20

26. Our audit project work comes in two distinct approaches; those that lead to assurance ratings and those that do not. We usually provide a rating as shorthand to describe our findings and the assurance that we can offer. See Appendix IV for the definitions and different levels. However, we recognise circumstances where our work aims principally at supporting work in progress, or providing advice where an assurance rating is not right. We complete full reports for each type and will provide summaries in our reporting to Members.
27. We also undertake various other review and advice tasks over the year. However, we usually do not separately report work that takes under 5 days to complete or does not result in a single distinct report. For example, our work supporting the Council's risk management.
28. In the tables below we set out our planned work for 2019/20. We also provide our planning objectives for each project, setting out in more detail the intended scope for each review. However, we will agree a precise scope with the officer *Audit Sponsor* when we come to undertake the work. See the next section of this report for information on how we complete detailed planning on audit projects and work towards their completion.

Proposed Audit & Assurance Project Work 2019/20	319 days
CHIEF EXECUTIVE	
High Priority Projects (aim to complete 100% during 2019/20)	
Information Management	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• To follow up from cross-authority advisory work on GDPR in spring 2019.• To also consider other aspects of information management, such as responding to Freedom of Information requests.	
Member Development	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• To review training programme for new Members.• To also consider training on offer for specific roles.	
Medium Priority Projects (aim to complete 50% during 2019/20)	
Social Media	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• To consider policy update due during 2019.• To review protocols for dealing with public enquiries received by social media.	

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DIRECTOR OF REGENERATION

High Priority Projects (aim to complete 100% during 2019/20)

Civil Parking Enforcement

- To review operation of new contract beginning during 2019.
- To consider income reconciliation.

Economic Development

- To consider progress on the Economic Regeneration Framework (primarily focussed on projects outside Sittingbourne Town Centre).
- To review Develop Evolutive system used to manage community grants.

Homelessness

- To follow up any matters arising from 2019 advisory work on compliance with the Homelessness Reduction Act.
- To consider decision making process for housing applications.

Strategic Planning

- To look at how the Council manages interactions with partners co-operatively through the Local Plan.

Medium Priority Projects (aim to complete 50% during 2019/20)

Cemeteries

- To consider overall operation of the service.

Developer Income

- To review controls around monitoring collection and use of developer income from sources such as s106 agreements.

Home Improvement Grants

- To review use of the Staying Put grant.
- To consider future options for the service if the Staying Put grant ends in December 2020.

Planning Enforcement

- To consider service operation post restructure.

Procurement & Commissioning

- To consider contract management across the Council.
- To review effectiveness of Procurement & Commissioning guidance post team restructure due in 2019.

Residents' Parking

- To review controls around residents' parking schemes.

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CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER

High Priority Projects (aim to complete 100% during 2019/20)

Budget Setting & Monitoring

- To consider controls in budget setting process, especially following the summer 2019 Fair Funding Review.
- To review budget monitoring controls in operation across the Council.

Emergency Planning

- To review emergency planning arrangements.
- To, depending on circumstances, consider in particular the Council's co-ordinated response to any extra requirements arising from Brexit.

Health & Safety

- To review compliance with HSE guidance.
- To consider arrangements for health and safety training within the Council.

Medium Priority Projects (aim to complete 50% during 2019/20)

Council Tax

- To examine controls around debt recovery and write-offs.
- To consider controls around award of single person discount.

Discretionary Housing Payments

- To review processing DHP claims, including consistency in decision making.

Property Income

- To consider accuracy of property portfolio and arrangements for collecting and managing licence and rental charges.

MID KENT SERVICES DIRECTOR

High Priority Projects (aim to complete 100% during 2019/20)

IT Network Security

- To consider arrangements for securing the Council's IT networks, with possible particular emphasis on cloud computing and other third party arrangements.

IT Technical Support

- To consider processes for supporting IT use in the Council.
- To also consider rollout of specific developments, such as Windows 365.

Planning Administration

- To examine controls for income collection and reconciliation.

Recruitment

- To consider controls around recruitment, including appropriate safeguarding checks and legal compliance.
- To possibly consider apprentice recruitment and use of the apprenticeship levy.

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Medium Priority Projects (aim to complete 50% during 2019/20)

Declarations of Interest

- To review arrangements for creating and maintaining appropriate registers of interest.
- To look particularly at advice and support given to new Members.

IT Asset Management

- To review controls on asset management, especially tracking and security for portable devices.

IT Backup & Recovery

- To review controls for periodic IT backups and test arrangements for recovery.

IT Project Management

- To review how IT supports services in delivering projects, including managing its workload.

Workforce Planning

- To consider how the HR service supports the Council in identifying and planning its strategic workforce requirements.

Proposed Assurance Non-Project Work 2019/20

121 days

Risk

- Updating and reviewing Risk Framework
- Regular monitoring and reporting to Senior Officers and Members
- Review of risk identification and reporting within project management
- Member briefings, especially for new Members in 2019

Counter Fraud

- General Policy and Advice, including Whistleblowing and Anti-Corruption
- Fraud Risk Assessment, focusing on payroll and expenses
- Incident specific advice, support and reactive investigation
- Training and development, including for new Members in 2019. Potential subject of focus being on Bribery Act 2010 duties.

Member Support

- Attendance and preparation for Audit Committee and other Members' meetings (including Chairman's briefings).
- Developing and presenting Member briefings on governance issues.

Agreed Actions Follow Up

- Ensuring officers carry out actions as agreed.
- Reporting progress towards implementation to Senior Officers and Members.

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Audit Planning

- Keeping the 2019/20 plan and attendant risk assessments under review.
- Developing audit planning for 2020/21 and beyond.

Proposed Unallocated Contingency 2019/20

45 days

Consultancy

- We aim to keep around 10% of audit days as a consultancy fund to provide general and extra advice to the Council.
- This will include attendance and contribution to officer groups and expansions to audit scopes to cover particular concerns or interests.
- It also covers any investigative work we undertake. We are named in the Council's whistleblowing, data protection and computer use policies as a potential investigator of matters referred to us.

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Delivering the Audit & Assurance Plan

29. We work in full conformance with the Public Sector Internal Standards. This includes having an internal quality assessment approach comprising both specific review of individual projects and periodic 'cold review', looking back at completed work and taking forward learning to help us improve.

Overseeing Delivery

30. We will report progress on delivering the plan to this Committee part-way through the year. We are also part of the Mid Kent Services Directorate and overseen by a Shared Services Board, with Nick Vickers (Chief Finance Officer) as Swale's representative.
31. We also report each month on various performance indicators detailing our progress and provide quarterly updates to the Strategic Management Team. We include a listing of those indicators, with descriptions, at appendix III to this plan.

Quality & Improvement Plan

32. Although in 2015 the IIA assessed us as fully conforming to the Standards, we have continued to challenge and update how we work. Through these types of review we have kept our full conformance with the Standards and increased productive days by nearly 20% since 2015 without any more than inflationary budget increase.
33. We successfully set up our new Audit Management Software – Pentana – during 2018/19. The whole team now use Pentana to deliver our work and we can see the benefits already in quality and efficiency. There is also a significant improvement in how we can manage and organise our planning. For example, Pentana supports comprehensive risk assessments set out in Appendix I. We also have a greater capacity to 'prioritise' subjects to allow more flexibility as plans change through the year.
34. For 2019/20 our focus for quality and improvement will be on:
 - Continuing to support and strengthen the team's use and understanding of Pentana's audit approach, especially its consistent focus on an Objective -> Risk -> Control -> Test method. Over time, following this approach will deliver a comprehensive understanding of the control environment across the whole authority and lead to significant efficiencies in planning future work.

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- Exploring how best to open Pentana to officers outside audit. The software has a web module that allows officers outside audit to pass information to us direct, for instance updates on progress towards carrying out agreed actions. We hope to pilot some methods for rolling out this feature during 2019/20, mindful of the need to be efficient in our call on officers' time as well as effective management of audit resources.
- Considering how to continue improving our reporting. Pentana allows for many different variants of our reporting tailored suitably to different audiences. In 2019/20 we will explore how we can efficiently use this flexibility to make our reporting have maximum impact in supporting services to improve.

External Quality Assessment

35. Public Sector Internal Audit Standard 1312 demands we undergo an external assessment at least every five years. The IIA undertook our last assessment, in spring 2015, that reported Mid Kent Audit as fully conforming to the Standards. This means our next review must take place by spring 2020. The full text of the Standard is below:

1312 External Assessments

External assessments must be conducted at least once every five years by a qualified, independent assessor or assessment team from outside the organisation. The chief audit executive must discuss with the board:

- The form of external assessments.
- The qualifications and independence of the external assessor or assessment team, including any potential conflict of interest.

Interpretation:

External assessments may be accomplished through a full external assessment, or a self-assessment with independent external validation. The external assessor must conclude as to conformance with the *Code of Ethics* and the *Standards*; the external assessment may also include operational or strategic comments.

A qualified assessor or assessment team demonstrates competence in two areas: the professional practice of internal auditing and the external assessment process. Competence can be demonstrated through a mixture of experience and theoretical learning. Experience gained in organisations of similar size, complexity, sector or industry and technical issues is more valuable than less relevant experience. In the case of an assessment team, not all members of the team need to have all the competencies; it is the team as a whole that is qualified. The chief audit executive uses professional judgment when assessing whether an assessor or assessment team demonstrates sufficient competence to be qualified.

An independent assessor or assessment team means not having either an actual or a perceived conflict of interest and not being a part of, or under the control of, the organisation to which the internal audit activity belongs. The chief audit executive should encourage board oversight in the external assessment to reduce perceived or potential conflicts of interest.

Public sector requirement

The chief audit executive must agree the scope of external assessments with an appropriate sponsor, eg the accounting/accountable officer or chair of the audit committee as well as with the external assessor or assessment team.

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36. The Standard, and our Charter, both highlight the role of the “Board” (this Committee) in oversight of the assessment. Specific responsibility for its arrangement rests with the Head of Audit.
37. We will set out specific proposals for the assessment later in the year. Currently, our plan considers the following principles.
 - We will seek a properly qualified external assessor for the review with experience of reviewing similar audit services.
 - We will buy the assessment for payment rather than seeking to enter any reciprocal or peer arrangement. We feel this is important to safeguard the independence and professionalism of the review.
 - We will ask the assessor to consider best practice rather than simple conformance. This will give us a sense of where we stand on quality compared to the best of our peers. It will also point to improvements we can look into to develop the service.
 - We will seek one assessment across the whole partnership rather than individual assessments for each authority.
 - We will publish a terms of reference for the assessment to Members before fieldwork.
 - We will publish the final report of the assessment in full to Members. We will include in that publication any action plan proposed by the assessors and our response.
38. We welcome comments from Members on these principles and any specific matters of focus we might consider.

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Appendix I: Audit Universe

The “Audit Universe” is our running record of all services at the Council we might examine. The list below shows its current arrangement including details of previous reviews.

Area	Risk Score	Last Audit	Due	Corp Risk
Top Priority: We aim to complete all of these during 2019/20				
Budget Setting & Monitoring	Moderate	2015/16	Due	SBC06,07
Civil Parking Enforcement	High	2016/17	Due	
Economic Development	High			SBC01,02,05
Emergency Planning	High	2013/14	Overdue	SBC08
Health & Safety	High	2012/13	Overdue	
Homelessness	High	2017/18	Due	SBC04
Information Management	Moderate	2016/17	Due	SBC12
IT Network Security	High	2018/19		SBC11
IT Tech Support	High	2014/15	Overdue	
Member Development	High			
Planning Administration	High	2015/16	Due	
Recruitment	Moderate	2013/14	Overdue	SBC02
Strategic Planning	High			SBC01,02,03
Medium Priority: We aim to complete around half of these during 2019/20				
Cemeteries & Crematoria	Moderate	2015/16	Overdue	
Council Tax	Moderate	2016/17	Due	
Declarations of Interest	Low	2014/15	Due	
Developer Income	Moderate	2016/17	Due	
Discretionary Housing Payments	Moderate	2015/16	Due	
Home Improvement Grants	High	2012/13	Overdue	
IT Asset Management	High	2011/12	Overdue	
IT Backup & Recovery	High	2017/18	Due	
IT Project Management	High			
Lettings & Leaseholds	High	2016/17	Due	
Planning Enforcement	Moderate	2016/17	Due	
Procurement & Commissioning	Moderate	2015/16	Overdue	
Property Income	Moderate	2016/17	Due	
Residents' Parking	High	2016/17	Not Due	
Social Media	Moderate	2016/17	Due	
Workforce Planning	Moderate			SBC02

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Area	Risk Score	Last Audit	Due	Corp Risk
Low Priority: Keep under review but not likely to undertake further work in 2019/20				
Air Quality	Low			
Business Continuity	High	2017/18	Not Due	SBC08
Communications & Marketing	Moderate			
Contract Management	Low			
Corporate Governance	Low	2017/18	Not Due	SBC10
Customer Services	Moderate	2016/17	Due	
Debt Recovery Service	High	2018/19	Not Due	
Electoral Registration	Low			
Equalities	Moderate			
Housing Incentives	High	2017/18	Not Due	
Parking Income	High	2017/18	Not Due	
Performance Management	Low	2015/16	Due	
Property Acquisition & Disposal	Moderate			
Public Consultations	Moderate			
Tourism Support	Moderate			
Training & Development	Moderate	2016/17	Due	
Universal Credit	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Waste Collection	High	2018/19	Not Due	
Website Management	Moderate			
Very Low Priority: Recent assurance gained and no fresh risk indicated				
Absence Management	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Building Control	Low	2016/17	Not Due	
Business Rates	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	
Community Support	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Community Support	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Conservation & Heritage	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Council Tax Reduction Scheme	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Creditors	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	
Debtors	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Facilities Management	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	
General Ledger	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	
Grounds Maintenance	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Housing Benefit	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	
HR Policy Compliance	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Insurance	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Land Charges	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	
Leisure Services	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	

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Area	Risk Score	Last Audit	Due	Corp Risk
Licensing	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Payroll & Expenses	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	
Pre-Application Planning	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Project Management	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Safeguarding	Moderate	2017/18	Not Due	
Staff Performance Management	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Taxi Licensing	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	
Treasury Management	Moderate	2018/19	Not Due	

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Appendix II: Audit Team and Restructure

We are proud in the Audit team of having a strong record in supporting development and achievement within our team. With that in mind we periodically revisit arrangements to ensure we, for now and the future, are set up to continue delivering an efficient and effective service. We are therefore currently consulting on a restructure proposal that aims to:

- Give more supervising and mentoring opportunities to our Senior Auditors. This will both support junior staff and make the role a better development step towards management for those with that ambition.
- Create Audit Apprentice roles, linked to the Level 7 Internal Audit Professional Scheme recently approved by the Department for Education. This scheme, which lasts up to four years, eventually provides apprentices with all the professional qualifications they would need to rise to Head of Audit level as well as a Master's degree in Audit & Consultancy.
- Create an annual pool of funds we can use flexibly to support different needs at partner authorities. This could be used, for instance, in securing specialist audit support on key projects. It could support authorities in delivering savings targets. Or get specific training to help existing members of the audit team.

The consultation period ends mid-March with new arrangements in place from the start of 2019/20. We will report to Members on results, and details of our new structure, in our annual reporting this coming June.

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Appendix III: Performance Indicators

We are consulting on new performance indicators for 2019/20. Our proposed indicators for reporting are:

Training Take-Up

We recognise the success of our service is down to the quality of our people. The Council's working environment, its risks and the practice of professional audit keeps changing and we support and encourage our team to continue developing new skills.

We expect each person to devote a minimum 5% of their time to training and development, along a plan agreed with their line manager. This indicator measures how well people can take up and complete that training plan.

Overall Plan Progress

Each audit plan promises a certain number of days productive audit work to each authority. This indicator measures how many productive days we have delivered against that plan target.

Audit Feedback (Quantitative)

Feedback from audit sponsors and others is a key indicator in letting us know how well our service meets the needs of each Council. This quantitative measure records a simple 'satisfied/dissatisfied' from key stakeholders for each audit report. It sits alongside a broader range of qualitative measures giving us more detailed feedback.

Prompt Reporting

Effective findings describe the world as it is now. Undue delay limits how much our findings can help the Council improve or add risk with issues unaddressed.

This indicator measures the time between completion of our fieldwork and issue of the final report. So it includes both the time spent on the audit side creating a draft report and the service side in framing its response. We typically aim to get from fieldwork to final report in 30 days.

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Appendix IV: Assurance Ratings

Assurance Ratings 2019/20 (unchanged since 2014/15)

Full Definition	Short Description
<p>Strong – Controls within the service are well designed and operating as intended, exposing the service to no uncontrolled risk. There will also often be elements of good practice or value for money efficiencies which may be instructive to other authorities. Reports with this rating will have few, if any, recommendations and those will generally be priority 4.</p>	<p>Service/system is performing well</p>
<p>Sound – Controls within the service are generally well designed and operated but there are some opportunities for improvement, particularly with regard to efficiency or to address less significant uncontrolled operational risks. Reports with this rating will have some priority 3 and 4 recommendations, and occasionally priority 2 recommendations where they do not speak to core elements of the service.</p>	<p>Service/system is operating effectively</p>
<p>Weak – Controls within the service have deficiencies in their design and/or operation that leave it exposed to uncontrolled operational risk and/or failure to achieve key service aims. Reports with this rating will have mainly priority 2 and 3 recommendations which will often describe weaknesses with core elements of the service.</p>	<p>Service/system requires support to consistently operate effectively</p>
<p>Poor – Controls within the service are deficient to the extent that the service is exposed to actual failure or significant risk and these failures and risks are likely to affect the Council as a whole. Reports with this rating will have priority 1 and/or a range of priority 2 recommendations which, taken together, will or are preventing from achieving its core objectives.</p>	<p>Service/system is not operating effectively</p>

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Recommendation Ratings 2019/20 (unchanged since 2014/15)

Priority 1 (Critical) – To address a finding which affects (negatively) the risk rating assigned to a Council strategic risk or seriously impairs its ability to achieve a key priority. Priority 1 recommendations are likely to require immediate remedial action. Priority 1 recommendations also describe actions the authority **must** take without delay.

Priority 2 (High) – To address a finding which impacts a strategic risk or key priority, which makes achievement of the Council's aims more challenging but not necessarily cause severe impediment. This would also normally be the priority assigned to recommendations that address a finding that the Council is in (actual or potential) breach of a legal responsibility, unless the consequences of non-compliance are severe. Priority 2 recommendations are likely to require remedial action at the next available opportunity, or as soon as is practical. Priority 2 recommendations also describe actions the authority **must** take.

Priority 3 (Medium) – To address a finding where the Council is in (actual or potential) breach of its own policy or a less prominent legal responsibility but does not impact directly on a strategic risk or key priority. There will often be mitigating controls that, at least to some extent, limit impact. Priority 3 recommendations are likely to require remedial action within six months to a year. Priority 3 recommendations describe actions the authority **should** take.

Priority 4 (Low) – To address a finding where the Council is in (actual or potential) breach of its own policy but no legal responsibility and where there is trivial, if any, impact on strategic risks or key priorities. There will usually be mitigating controls to limit impact. Priority 4 recommendations are likely to require remedial action within the year. Priority 4 recommendations generally describe actions the authority **could** take.

Advisory – We will include in the report notes drawn from our experience across the partner authorities where the service has opportunities to improve. These will be included for the service to consider and not be subject to formal follow up process.